

LOCAL AND PERSONAL.

EBENSBURG AND CRESSON RAILROAD. On and after Monday, May 16, 1864, trains on this road will run as follows:

LEAVE EBENSBURG—At 7.00 A. M., connecting with Balt. Express West and Thro' Acrom. East. At 6.40 P. M., connecting with Mail Train and Fast Line West and Ex. East.

LEAVE CRESSON—At 10.45 A. M., or on departure of Thro' Accommodation West. At 9.15 P. M., or on departure of Fast Line West.

SPECIAL ELECTION: AUGUST 2, 1864.

—Before another issue of this paper, the question will have been determined as to whether the soldiers of the Keystone State shall be allowed to vote hereafter, or not. If the Union men of the State only do their duty in the premises, we have no fears of the result. The only solicitude we entertain is that they, being fully convinced of the righteousness of the cause in which they are engaged, and deeming opposition to it a piece of meanness whereof even Copperheadism were incapable, may take victory for granted, and not institute the necessary steps to insure success. It should be borne in mind that the Copperheads, although comparatively quiet on the subject, are fierce and unrelenting enemies of the proposed measure. They will vote solid against it. It is to their interest to do so, for it is an indisputable fact that the rank and file of our armies are thoroughly loyal, and will cast their vote and influence unitedly in favor of the Administration and a vigorous prosecution of the war to the end of the restoration of the Union, and against Copperhead schemes looking to the success of treason. Knowing this, there can be no possible excuse for that Union man who fails to do his whole duty on election day. And to rest supinely on his oars, under the circumstances, and trust in Providence for victory, were criminal and the part of foolhardiness.

The masses of the people of Pennsylvania are patriotic and loyal. Their many sacrifices and sufferings since the war broke out constitute incontrovertible proof of the assertion. And when we say that they are almost unanimously in favor of the enfranchisement of the brave defenders of our country's rights, we affirm that of which we know. To attribute to them a desire to sink the soldier to the level of the serf in Russia or the negro slave in Dixie, neither of whom has voice or vote in the administration of the affairs of his country, would be to do them gross injustice. Hence, if a decided manifestation of the popular will be obtained, the amendment will be triumphantly endorsed. To that end, a thorough organization of our forces becomes necessary. But few days remain to us ere the election, but in that time much may be accomplished.—Go to work at once! Let not the measure fail for lack of a little exertion on our part—let not the Copperheads triumph by reason of their superior shrewdness in veiling their opposition to the measure until it becomes too late to successfully counteract the same. To do so would be to add the blackest of all black pages to the history of our Commonwealth.

Besides the amendment enfranchising the soldiers, two other amendments will be voted on on Tuesday. One of these is as follows: "No bill shall be passed by the Legislature containing more than one subject, which shall be clearly expressed in the title, except appropriation bills." The other is: "No bill shall be passed by the Legislature granting any powers or privileges, in any case, where the authority to grant such powers or privileges has been, or hereafter may be, conferred upon the courts of this Commonwealth." These are both highly important, and should receive a full and united support. Men of Cambria, vote for all the amendments!

STATE TEACHERS' ASSOCIATION.—The Pennsylvania State Teachers' Association will meet at Altoona, on Tuesday next, August 2d. The meeting promises to be one of interest. Excursion tickets will be issued to teachers and others attending over the East Pennsylvania and Lehigh Valley Railroads, and "free returns" will be granted to all delegates over the Pennsylvania Central, the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western, the Philadelphia and Reading, and the North Pennsylvania Railroads. A reduction of fare is expected upon most of the other roads in the State.

—Mr. Evan Morgan has been appointed an Assistant Assessor of Internal Revenue for Cambria county, vice Mr. N. I. Roberts, resigned. His post office address is Ebensburg.

ETCHINGS.—Sergt. George W. Brown, of Co. A, 11th Penna. Reserves, who was wounded in the hip in the battle of the Wilderness, and since that time has been an inmate of Mount Pleasant Hospital, Washington city, arrived here last week, on a brief furlough. His wound, altho' still painful, is rapidly healing, and in a few weeks doubtless will be quite well. We hope so, for the Sergeant is a brave soldier, a genial companion, and a good fellow generally....Last week we noticed the burning of the steam saw-mill of Messrs. Pryce and Griffith, located in Cambria township. This week we have to chronicle the total destruction by fire of a like establishment belonging to Messrs. M. M. Adams & Co., near Cresson, this county. The flames, we understand, were communicated to the building at night, in the absence of the workmen, by sparks wafted from a neighboring woods on fire. The loss is estimated at \$2,000....By a letter received here, we learn that Lieut. J. Nixon Kinkead, of Co. M, 12th Pa. Cavalry, was among the number of Federal officers captured at Gunpowder Bridge during the late rebel raid into Maryland. He succeeded in making his escape from his captors, however, in precisely the same manner that General Franklin achieved the same feat, to wit, by watching his chance and "scuffling" when the graybacks were steeped in slumber. Lucky boy!...All the workmen in the Johnstown Tribune office have enlisted and gone to the wars with the one-hundred days men, thereby leaving the editor in a quandary as to how he is going to get his paper out after this.—Patriotism, generally speaking, is a good thing, but patriotism carried to the length of necessitating the discontinuance of the publication of as staunch and sound a journal as the Tribune is something the reverse of good....From almost every quarter we have reports of woods and fields on fire and burning unrestrainedly. In this county, the track of the devouring element was marked and widespread. Much damage has undoubtedly resulted therefrom. It is to be hoped the rain of Monday, which so effectually dispelled the drouth of long standing afflicting us, also put a quietus on the flames....See advertisement of Ordinances for Ebensburg borough in to-day's paper.

ARE YOU EXEMPT?—Elsewhere in to-day's paper we print an advertisement of the Provost Marshal requesting persons claiming exemption from the approaching draft on the grounds of physical disability, unsuitableness of age, or alienage, to come forward, establish their claims, and have their names stricken from the rolls. This is a matter that should be attended to, for in the proportion that four names are stricken from the rolls is the quota of any sub-district reduced one. To bring the matter more fully home—the number of names enrolled for Ebensburg borough is about 100; one in four of this number would make our quota under the five hundred thousand call 25, which number must be forthcoming; whereas if all the exempt were stricken off now—and they might just as well be stricken off now as not, for they will be rejected after the draft and the deficiency made up from the excess drawn—we are confident our quota would not be more than 20. Is not the labor richly worth the pains?

DRAFT MATTERS.—The examination of drafted men for this county under the supplementary draft of July 6, was made here last week. The result may be briefly summed up as follows: A majority of the conscripts reported in person; about one-half were exempted for this, that, or the other; some six or seven were held to service, and the balance paid commutation. Another supplementary draft to fill deficiencies will be made on next Friday, 29th inst., when one hundred per cent. excess will be drawn.

FOR ONE HUNDRED DAYS.—The following are the names of the officers of the company which left Johnstown one week ago: Captain, W. J. Jones; 1st Lieut., Ed. B. Purcell; 2d Lieut., Theophilus L. Heyer. This company is known as Co. F, 192d Pa. Vols., composed of Schuylkill, Berks, Dauphin, Mifflin, Lycoming, Montour, Bedford, Berks, and Cambria men. The regimental officers are, Col. James Nagle, Lieut.-Col. R. M. Michael, Maj. O. D. Jenkins.

THE RIGHT SORT OF MOVE.—A meeting to discuss the propriety of taking prompt and energetic measures to fill the quota of Ebensburg borough under the impending draft for 500,000 men will be held at the Court House this (Thursday) evening. Let there be a full attendance.

LOCAL CORRESPONDENCE.

—FLYING TRIP TO FREDERICK, MARYLAND—NOTINGS BY THE WAY—CAPT. M'DONALD. JOHNSTOWN, July 24, 1864.

Correspondence of The Alleghanian. In lieu of my regular correspondence, allow me this week to give your readers a few brief "notes of travel" through the country lately visited by the rebel raiders. On Sunday evening last, I took passage with a friend for Hagerstown, arriving there at noon the following day. We passed through the fertile Cumberland Valley, where, on every side, and as far as the eye could reach, the most luxuriant fields of waving grain met the gaze. In many places, the farmers had just returned, after their "sow," and were garnering the harvest. I understand the yield throughout the Valley this year will be fully up to the average. At Hagerstown a great many of the inhabitants were still absent, and the town presented a most forlorn and deserted aspect. A number of stores were despoiled of their contents by the rebels; but beyond this, and the levying of \$20,000 as a ransom for the town, no particular damage to private property resulted from the raid. The farmers in the vicinity, however, lost heavily in horses, cattle, and other stock. On Tuesday morning we took the stage for Frederick, twenty-six miles distant. Passing over South Mountain, through Boonesboro and Middletown—spots memorable through the achievements of '62—we arrived at our destination about noon. Here the immediate effects of the raid were more plainly visible. The hospitals were filled with 300 Union and 400 rebel wounded, and just beyond the city was the battle-field which proved so utterly disastrous to the rebels. In one of these hospitals I found my gallant young friend, Capt. M'Donald, of Co. M, 12th Pa. Cavalry. He was badly wounded in a charge through the city, and although at first pronounced mortally hurt, I am happy to say there are strong hopes now entertained of his ultimate recovery.

I learned the following particulars in regard to the charge in which the Capt. was wounded: Being sent as advance to our infantry column with 70 men, he moved down the old Hagerstown road, and discovered when near the city that a rebel force of 300 cavalry were drawn up on Market street to receive him. Detaching 54 of his men as a reserve, he advanced with but 16, conjecturing that the narrowness of the street would preclude a charge with a greater number, and wheeled into Market street and ordered a charge. The rebels met him with a full volley, but nothing daunted, the Captain pushed on and drove the rebels fully half a mile down the street. In this charge, Capt. M'D. was wounded in the thigh. The rebels now made a determined stand, and ordering up his reserve, the Capt. again charged them—himself far in advance of his men. He was again successful in pushing back the foe, but not until after he had received a second wound, over the heart. His command followed the retreating rebels far beyond the town, into their infantry supports, when they were compelled to desist. In the meantime, the Capt. was lifted from his horse and laid on the sidewalk, (the horse immediately falling dead from the effects of eight balls received,) and a Surgeon sent for. His wounds were pronounced mortal, and when the citizens attempted to carry him into a house, he bade them desist, telling them that "if his time had come, he would die on the field." A lady from Martinsburg, named Mrs. Rivers, who had become acquainted with the Capt. at that place, had him conveyed to a house, and for five days and nights devoted herself unremittingly to his care. She at length had the satisfaction of seeing him greatly improve, when he was removed to the hospital, and every attention paid him.

The citizens who witnessed the charge speak of the bravery of the Capt. and his command in the highest terms. The 12th is again at Harper's Ferry.

On Thursday morning we left Frederick, and passing over the Monocacy battle ground, arrived in Baltimore at noon; from there we took the cars for Philadelphia, passing en route the famous Gunpowder bridge. This structure, I should judge, is over two miles long, and though partially destroyed by the rebels, is again in complete running order. A short distance from this bridge, the remains of the captured mail trains are to be seen, and scattered in the vicinity are a large number of envelopes filled from the mails.—All trace of the presence of the raiders ceases from this point.

If you want bargains—bargains—bargains—go to Thompson's store, P. O. building, Ebensburg.

J. M. THOMPSON'S COLUMN.

SPRING! 1864. NOW OPENING. AT THOMPSON'S. CHEAP CASH STORE. POST OFFICE BUILDING. EBENSBURG, PA. A SPLENDID ASSORTMENT. OF LADIES' DRESS GOODS. SUMMER CLOAKS AND SHAWLS. BALMORAL AND HOOP SKIRTS. HOSIERY AND GLOVES. SILK SUN SHADES. LADIES' WALKING HATS. LADIES' AND CHILDREN'S SHOES. GENT'S BOOTS AND SHOES. HATS AND CAPS. A FINE ASSORTMENT. READY MADE CLOTHING. FINE CIGARS AND TOBACCO. PERFUMERY AND TOILET ARTICLES. FANCY GOODS. FINE STATIONERY. FINE CONFECTIONERY. CHOICE GROCERIES. STOCK ALWAYS FULL. NEW GOODS EVERY WEEK. COME AND SEE. NO CHARGE FOR SHOWING GOODS. EBENSBURG, June 2, 1864.

QUICK SALES, AND SMALL PROFITS! 1864. THE LATEST ARRIVAL! A. A. BARKER, EBENSBURG, PA. The subscriber takes pleasure in announcing to the people of Ebensburg and vicinity that he has just received, at his store, on High street, the largest and most complete assortment of Summer Goods ever before brought to this county, all of which he is determined to sell cheaper than the cheapest. DRY GOODS, DRESS GOODS, WOOLLEN GOODS, WHITE GOODS, EMBROIDERIES, HOUSEKEEPING GOODS, HOOP SKIRTS AND BALMORALS, READY-MADE CLOTHING, BOOTS AND SHOES, HATS AND CAPS, MILLINERY GOODS AND NOTIONS, HOSIERY AND GLOVES, BUFFALO ROBES. Hardware, Queensware, Groceries, Flour, Bacon, Cheese, Syrups, Molasses, Mackerel, Herrings and Cod Fish, Iron and Nails, Cedar and Willow Ware, Drugs and Medicines, Carbon and Fish Oil, etc., etc. These, and many other descriptions of Goods, too numerous to here mention, constantly on hand. Not to mince matters, he keeps a FIRST CLASS COUNTRY STORE, where anything or everything a person may need or desire can be obtained. By buying a large stock at a time, and paying for the same almost entirely in Cash, the subscriber is enabled to sell considerably cheaper than other dealers in this community. To be convinced of the truth of this assertion you need only call and examine his Schedule of Prices. NO CHARGE FOR SHOWING GOODS. Customers will be waited upon by accommodating Salesmen. The Public is requested to roll in the more the merrier—and secure Bargains. A. A. BARKER. TAYLOR & CREMER, AT THE HUNTINGDON NURSERIES, HUNTINGDON, PA. Sell Fruit & Ornamental Trees, Vines &c. of better growth, larger size, and at lower prices than any of the Northern or Eastern Nurseries and warrant them true to name. Standard Apple trees at 1 1/2 cents each—\$16 per 100. Peach trees, 15 to 20 cts each—\$12.50 to \$15 per 100. Standard Pear trees, 50 to 75 cts each. Dwarf Pear trees, 50¢ to \$1 each—20 to \$6 per 100. Dwarf Apple trees, 50 to 75 cts each. Standard Cherry trees 37 1/2 to 75 cts. Plum trees 50 cts. Apricot trees 40 to 50 cts. Nectarine trees 25 cts each. Grape Vines 25 cts to \$1. Silver Maple trees 62 1/2 to \$1. European Ash, 75 to 1. European Larch, 75 cts to 1.50. Norway Spruce, 50 cts to \$1. American Balsam Pine, 75 cts to \$1.50. American & Chinese Arbor Vitae, 50 ct to \$1.50. Strawberry Plants, \$1 per 100, &c. &c. Huntingdon, Jan. 25, 1860-tf. BERGER, AUDENRIED & FRY, Nos. 14 and 15 South Water St., (Below Market,) PHILAD'A. Wholesale Dealers in FISH, CHEESE & PROVISIONS generally. Are now receiving and will keep constantly on hand a full and complete assortment of goods, in their line, consisting in part of MACKEREL, HAMS, CHEESE, SHAD, SHOULDERS, LARD, HERRING, SIDES, BUTTER, SALMON, BEEF, DRIED FRUIT, CODFISH, TONGUES, SALT, &c. Having every facility for purchasing our goods to the best advantage, and every convenience for conducting a large business, and being determined to sell goods upon terms equal to any house in the trade, we respectfully solicit the patronage of our friends and the public generally. Particular attention paid to filling orders. Philadelphia, July 4, 1864-tf. COAL! COAL! COAL! The subscriber is now carrying on the Colliery of Wm. Tiley, Sr., at Lily Station, on the Pennsylvania Railroad, Cambria county, and will be glad to fill all orders, to any amount, of citizens of Ebensburg and vicinity. Satisfaction as to quality of Coal guaranteed in all cases. WM. TILEY, JR. April 28, 1864-6m. PAY UP! PAY UP!! I respectfully request all my old friends and customers to call and settle up their accounts before the 10th day of August and save cost, as after that time, I shall put my Books in the hands of an officer for immediate collection. GEO. HUNTLEY. Ebensburg, July 21, 1864-tf. NOTICE.—There will be an election held between the hours of two and four o'clock, P. M., of Monday, the 1st day of August next, at Cresson, Cambria county, for seven managers for Cresson Springs Company. To serve for the term of one year. A. S. BELL, Sec'y.

HIGHLY IMPORTANT TO BLACKSMITHS. Four-fifths of time and hard labor saved by using ISAAC C. SINGER'S NEW AND COMPLETE TIRE AND BAND BENDER. Patented March 10, 1863. Its chief advantages are: 1st. Having strong gear wheels to obtain power, one man can operate it to bend cold wagon tire, any size under 1 1/2 by 4 inches. 2d. Having movable collars, to hold the bar square on the portable rollers, it takes all twist out of the bar, while bending in a regular circle. 3d. It can be shifted to bend to any desired circle, from one up to twelve feet, in one minute. 4th. Having a movable centre post, which can be quickly taken off, tires and bands are easily taken out. 5th. The upper ribbed roller will always draw the bar through. 6th. Being gauged and numbered, a card with directions accompanies it. The Machine in good (oil the journals) running order, bolted upon a strong piece of timber, without legs or crank, for \$25, or with legs and crank for \$30. All cash orders promptly attended to. ISAAC C. SINGER, State and County Rights for sale. Ebensburg, April 14, 1864-tf. Great Excitement Down Town! Although the Union is about to be dissolved, Wm. Davis has just received and offers for sale (not the largest, but) the most varied assortment of goods ever offered to the citizens of Ebensburg and vicinity:—consisting in part of HARDWARE, NOTIONS, &c., &c., GROCERIES, BOOTS AND SHOES, QUEENSWARE, HATS AND CAPS, &c., &c. In fact, every article commonly kept in a country store can there be had, all of which he offers at REDUCED PRICES: Call and examine for yourselves. Goods exhibited free of charge. Grain, Lumber, &c., taken in exchange for Goods. All persons indebted to me are respectfully requested to call and settle on or before the first day of January, 1864. WM. DAVIS. N. B.—Those indebted to the firm of Davis & Lloyd either by note or book account are requested to make immediate payment, as further indulgence will not be given. Ebensburg, December 6, 1860. A JOINT RESOLUTION. PROPOSING CERTAIN AMENDMENTS TO THE CONSTITUTION.—Be it resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, That the following amendments be proposed to the Constitution of the Commonwealth, in accordance with the provisions of the tenth article thereof: There shall be an additional section to the third article of the Constitution, to be designated as section four, as follows: "SECTION 4. Whenever any of the qualified electors of this Commonwealth shall be in any actual military service, under a requisition from the President of the United States, or by the authority of this Commonwealth, such electors may exercise the right of suffrage in all elections by the citizens, under such regulations as may be prescribed by law, as fully as if they were present at their usual place of election." "SECTION 5. No bill shall be passed by the Legislature containing more than one subject, which shall be clearly expressed in the title, except appropriation bills." "SECTION 6. No bill shall be passed by the Legislature granting any powers or privileges, in any case, where the authority to grant such powers or privileges has been, or may hereafter be, conferred upon the courts of this Commonwealth." HENRY C. JOHNSTON, Speaker of the House of Representatives. JOHN P. PENNEY, Speaker of the Senate. OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF THE COMMONWEALTH, HARRISBURG, April 25, 1864. I do hereby certify that the foregoing is a full, true and correct copy of the original Joint Resolution of the General Assembly, entitled "A Joint Resolution proposing certain Amendments to the Constitution," as the same remains on file in this office. In testimony whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the Secretary's office to be affixed, the day and year above written. ELI SLIFER, Secretary of the Commonwealth. The above Resolution having been agreed to by a majority of the members of each House, at two successive sessions of the General Assembly of this Commonwealth, the proposed amendments will be submitted to the people, for their adoption or rejection, on the FIRST TUESDAY OF AUGUST, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-four in accordance with the provisions of the tenth article of the Constitution, and the act, entitled "An Act prescribing the time and manner of submitting to the people, for their approval and ratification or rejection, the proposed amendments to the Constitution," approved the twenty-third day of April, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-four. ELI SLIFER, Secretary of the Commonwealth. May, 5, 1864-tf. INSURANCE AGENCY.—James Pusey, agent for the Blair county and Locomotion Mutual Fire Insurance Companies, Johnstown, Pa. Will attend promptly to making insurance in any part of Cambria county upon application by letter or in person. March 12th, 1863-tf. F. M. PIKE, (SUCCESSOR TO GREEN & BRO.) UMBER MERCHANT, PLANING MILL, SASH AND DOOR FACTORY, CHEST SPRINGS, CAMBRIA CO., PA. Flooring Boards, Sash, Doors, Venetian and Panel Shutters, made to order and constantly on hand. June 9, 1864-ly.